### AvalonBay Communities, Inc.

For Immediate News Release April 20, 2004

# AVALONBAY COMMUNITIES, INC. ANNOUNCES FIRST QUARTER 2004 OPERATING RESULTS

(Alexandria, VA) AvalonBay Communities, Inc. (NYSE/PCX: AVB) reported today that Net Income Available to Common Stockholders for the quarter ended March 31, 2004 was \$23,102,000, resulting in Earnings per Share ("EPS") of \$0.32 (diluted), compared to \$0.49 (diluted) for the comparable period of 2003, a per share decrease of 34.7%. This decrease is primarily attributable to gains on sale of communities of \$14,072,000 recognized in the first quarter of 2003 that were not present in the first quarter of 2004.

Funds from Operations attributable to common stockholders ("FFO") for the quarter ended March 31, 2004 was \$57,378,000, or \$0.79 per share (diluted) compared to \$57,557,000, or \$0.83 per share (diluted) for the comparable period of 2003, a per share decrease of 4.8%.

## Operating Results for the Quarter Ended March 31, 2004 Compared to the Prior Year Period

For the Company, including discontinued operations, total revenue decreased by \$760,000, or 0.5% to \$159,464,000. For Established Communities, rental revenue decreased 2.2%, due to a decline in rental rates of 2.6%, partially offset by an increase in Economic Occupancy of 0.4% between periods. Total revenue for Established Communities decreased \$2,441,000 to \$110,251,000 and operating expenses increased \$1,024,000, or 3.0%, to \$35,533,000. Accordingly, Net Operating Income ("NOI") for Established Communities decreased by \$3,465,000 or 4.4%, to \$74,718,000.

The following table reflects the percentage changes in rental revenue, operating expenses and NOI for Established Communities from the first quarter of 2003 to the first quarter of 2004.

1Q 04 Compared to 1Q 03										
	Revenue	Operating Expenses	NOI	NOI*						
Northeast	(2.3%)	3.9%	(5.2%)	38.3%						
Mid-Atlantic	2.4%	3.1%	2.1%	17.4%						
Midwest	(0.5%)	(13.1%)	10.5%	2.1%						
Pacific NW	(0.5%)	0.9%	(1.3%)	5.3%						
No. California	(5.9%)	4.4%	(9.6%)	25.4%						
So. California	1.0%	2.9%	0.2%	11.5%						
Total	(2.2%)	3.0%	(4.4%)	100.0%						

<sup>\*</sup> Total represents each region's % of total NOI from the Company, including discontinued operations.

# Sequential Operating Results for the Quarter Ended March 31, 2004 Compared to the Quarter Ended December 31, 2003

The following table reflects the sequential percentage changes in rental revenue, operating expenses and NOI for Established Communities from the fourth quarter of 2003 to the first quarter of 2004:

1Q 04 Compared to 4Q 03								
	Rental <u>Revenue</u>	Operating Expenses	NOI					
Northeast	(0.7%)	3.0%	(2.7%)					
Mid-Atlantic	0.8%	5.6%	(1.1%)					
Midwest	2.7%	(3.3%)	7.2%					
Pacific NW	0.7%	(1.8%)	2.2%					
No. California	(1.1%)	2.7%	(2.6%)					
So. California	0.1%	1.1%_	(0.4%)					
Total	(0.3%)	2.4%	(1.6%)					

### **Established Communities Operating Statistics**

Market Rents, as determined by the Company, declined by an average of 0.5% in the first quarter of 2004 as compared to the same quarter of the prior year. The greatest declines, on a year over year basis, were in Northern New Jersey with a decline of 4.3%, Boston, MA with a decline of 3.9% and San Jose, CA with a decline of 3.4%. These decreases in Market Rents were partially offset by increases in Los Angeles, CA of 3.1%, Long Island, NY at 2.8% and Washington, DC at 2.0%. Sequentially, as compared to the fourth quarter of 2003, Market Rents remained stable for the Established Community portfolio as a whole.

Economic Occupancy was 94.0% during the first quarter of 2004, increasing 0.4% as compared to the same quarter last year. The largest increases in the first quarter 2004 as compared to the same quarter of the prior year were in Boston, MA at 4.3%, Northern New Jersey at 3.1% and Washington, DC at 2.8%. Sequentially, from the fourth quarter of 2003 to the first quarter of 2004, Economic Occupancy increased 0.2%. The largest increases in the first quarter 2004 as compared to the fourth quarter of 2003 were in Chicago, IL at 2.5% and Los Angeles, CA at 1.7%. These increases in Economic Occupancy were partially offset by decreases in Long Island, NY of 1.8% and Oakland, CA of 1.6%.

<u>Cash concessions</u> are recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and are amortized over the approximate lease term, which is generally one year. For the first quarter of 2004, rental revenue (with concessions on a cash basis) decreased 1.9% as compared to the first quarter of 2003 (versus a decrease of 2.2% on a GAAP basis) and increased 0.6% as compared to the fourth quarter of 2003 (versus a decrease of 0.3% on a GAAP basis).

Concessions granted per move-in for Established Communities averaged \$1,020 during the first quarter of 2004, an increase of 31.8% from \$774 in the first quarter of 2003 and an increase of 1.6% from \$1,004 in the fourth quarter of 2003.

### **Development Activity**

The Company completed two development communities during the first quarter of 2004. Avalon at Steven's Pond, located in the greater Boston, MA area is a garden-style community containing 326 apartment homes and was completed for a Total Capital Cost of \$54,300,000. Avalon Darien, located in the Fairfield – New Haven, CT area, is a garden-style community containing 189 apartment homes and was completed for a Total Capital Cost of \$41,700,000.

The Company also completed the redevelopment of Avalon at Foxhall, a 308 apartment home high-rise community located in Washington, DC, for a Total Capital Cost of \$44,000,000, of which \$35,700,000 was incurred prior to redevelopment.

During the first quarter of 2004, the Company commenced construction of two communities, Avalon Orange and Avalon Danbury, both located in the Fairfield – New Haven, CT area. These communities, when completed, are expected to contain an aggregate of 402 apartment homes for a Total Capital Cost of \$58,000,000.

### Financing, Liquidity and Balance Sheet Statistics

On February 15, 2004, the Company repaid \$125,000,000 of unsecured notes pursuant to their scheduled maturity, with an interest rate of 6.58% along with any unpaid interest.

On April 14, 2004, the Company priced \$150,000,000 of unsecured notes under its existing shelf registration statement at an interest rate of 5.375% maturing on April 15, 2014.

Leverage, as measured by debt as a percentage of total market capitalization, was 37.7% at March 31, 2004. Unencumbered NOI was approximately 81% for 2004 and Interest Coverage for the first quarter of 2004 was 2.8 times.

### Outlook

The Company expects EPS (diluted) in the range of \$0.53 to \$0.57 for the second quarter of 2004 and \$1.67 to \$1.85 for the full year 2004.

The Company expects Projected FFO per share (diluted) in the range of \$0.77 to \$0.81 for the second quarter of 2004. The Company provided a full year 2004 range for Projected FFO per share (diluted) of \$3.13 to \$3.31 in December 2003 and affirms that range as of April 20, 2004.

#### Second Quarter 2004 Conference Schedule

The Company is scheduled to participate in the following conferences during the second quarter:

2Q 04 Conference Schedule									
Bear Stearns Global Credit Conference	May 19th								
Bear Stearns New York City Development Conference	May 20th								
NAREIT Institutional Investor Forum	June 7-8th								
Wachovia Securities Equity Conference	June 23rd								

Management is scheduled to present at each of these conferences. Management's presentations and any related question and answer sessions may include discussions of the Company's current operating environment; operating trends; current development, redevelopment, disposition and acquisition activity; the Company's outlook and other business and financial matters affecting the Company. Information on accessing live, listen-only webcasts and/or audio broadcasts of these presentations, when available, will be provided on the Company's website at http://www.avalonbay.com/events.

The Company plans to release second quarter 2004 earnings on July 19, 2004 after the market closes and hold its second quarter 2004 earnings conference call on July 20, 2004 at 11:00AM Eastern Time (EDT). Dial-in information for the earnings conference call and webcast information will be provided in a press release to be issued in late June 2004.

### **Other Matters**

The Company will hold a conference call on April 21, 2004 at 1:00 PM EDT to review and answer appropriate questions about these results and projections, the earnings release attachments described below, and related matters. The domestic number to call to participate is 1-877-510-2397. The international number to call to participate is 1-706-634-5877. The domestic number to hear a replay of this call is 1-800-642-1687, and the international number to hear a replay of this call is 1-706-645-9291 - Access Code: 6102428.

A webcast of the conference call will also be available at <a href="http://www.avalonbay.com/earnings">http://www.avalonbay.com/earnings</a>, and an on-line playback of the webcast will be available for at least 30 days following the call.

The Company produces Earnings Release Attachments (the "Attachments") that provide detailed information regarding operating, development, redevelopment, disposition and acquisition activity. These Attachments are considered a part of this earnings release and are available in full with this earnings release via the Company's website and through e-mail distribution. The full earnings release including the Attachments is available at <a href="http://www.avalonbay.com/earnings">http://www.avalonbay.com/earnings</a>. receive future press releases via e-mail, please register through the Investor Relations section of the website at http://www.avalonbay.com/Template.cfm?Section=Subscribe. Some items referenced in the earnings release may require the Adobe Acrobat 5.0 Reader. If you do not have the Adobe Acrobat 5.0 Reader, you may download at the following website address: it http://www.adobe.com/products/acrobat/readstep.html.

### **Definitions and Reconciliations**

The following non-GAAP financial measures and other terms, as used in the text of this earnings release, are defined and further explained on Attachment 12, "Definitions and Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Terms":

- FFO
- Projected FFO
- Established Communities
- NOI
- Market Rents
- Economic Occupancy
- Rental revenue (with concessions on a cash basis)
- Total Capital Cost
- Leverage
- Unencumbered NOI
- Interest Coverage

### About AvalonBay Communities, Inc.

As of March 31, 2004, AvalonBay owned or held an ownership interest in 145 apartment communities containing 42,399 apartment homes in ten states and the District of Columbia, of which eleven communities were under construction and one community was under reconstruction. AvalonBay is an equity REIT in the business of developing, redeveloping, acquiring and managing apartment communities in high barrier-to-entry markets of the United States. More information on AvalonBay may be found on AvalonBay's website at http://www.avalonbay.com. For additional information, please contact Bryce Blair, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President, at (703) 317-4652 or Thomas J. Sargeant, Chief Financial Officer, at (703) 317-4635.

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This release, including its attachments, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. You can identify these forward-looking statements by the Company's use of words such as "expects," "plans," "estimates," "projects," "intends," "believes" and similar expressions that do not relate to historical matters. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements as a result of risks and uncertainties, including possible changes in demand for apartment homes, the effects of economic conditions (including interest rates), the impact of competition and competitive pricing, delays in completing developments

and lease-ups on schedule, changes in construction costs, the results of financing efforts, the timing and closing of planned dispositions under agreement, the effects of the Company's accounting policies and other matters detailed in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Forward-Looking Statements."

The Company does not undertake a duty to update forward-looking statements, including its expected operating results for the second quarter or the full year 2004. The Company may, in its discretion, provide information in future public announcements regarding its outlook that may be of interest to the investment community. The format and extent of future outlooks may be different from the format and extent of the information contained in this release.

# AvalonBay

# **FIRST QUARTER 2004**

Supplemental Operating and Financial Data



Avalon Darien, a garden-style community containing 189 apartment homes, is conveniently located in an affluent submarket of Fairfield County. The town of Darien has a per capita income of \$85,000, a median home price of over \$700,000 and little new supply. The community's location directly across from the Noroton Metro North Train Station and its proximity to I-95 and the Merritt Parkway provides residents with convenient commuting to major employers in Fairfield County, Westchester and New York City.

Apartment home features include fully applianced kitchens, many with granite countertops and wood floors, as well as full-size washers and dryers. Many homes also include gas fireplaces and private patios or balconies. Residents also enjoy community amenities including a clubhouse, fully-equipped fitness center, outdoor heated pool, international squash court, billiards room and resident lounge.

Avalon at Darien increases AvalonBay's presence in the Fairfield - New Haven area to 15 communities with more than 3,800 apartment homes.

# **FIRST QUARTER 2004**

### Supplemental Operating and Financial Data

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The following is a "Safe Harbor" Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The projections and estimates contained in the attachments referred to above are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those projected in such statements. Risks associated with the Company's development, redevelopment, construction, and lease-up activities, which could impact the forward-looking statements made, include: development opportunities may be abandoned; total capital cost of a community may exceed original estimates, possibly making the community uneconomical and/or affecting projected returns; construction and lease-up may not be completed on schedule, resulting in increased debt service and construction costs; and other risks described in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003.

# AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Selected Operating and Other Information March 31, 2004

(Dollars in thousands except per share data) (unaudited)

### SELECTED OPERATING INFORMATION

	Q1 2004		Q1 2003		Change		% Change
Net Income available to common stockholders	\$	23,102	\$	33,700	\$	(10,598)	(31.4%)
Per common share - basic Per common share - diluted	\$ \$	0.33 0.32	\$ \$	0.50 0.49	\$ \$	(0.17) (0.17)	(34.0%) (34.7%)
Funds from Operations Per common share - diluted	\$ \$	57,378 0.79	\$ \$	57,557 0.83	\$ \$	(179) (0.04)	(0.3%) (4.8%)
Dividends declared - common Per common share	\$ \$	50,027 0.70	\$ \$	47,169 0.70	\$ \$	2,858 	6.1%
Common shares outstanding Outstanding operating partnership units	7	1,467,072	6	67,383,831		1,083,241	6.1%
Total outstanding shares and units	7	583,594 2,050,666	6	975,751 8,359,582	_3	(392,157) 3,691,084	(40.2%) 5.4%
Average shares outstanding - basic Average operating partnership units	7	0,920,226	6	7,625,081	3	3,295,145	4.9%
outstanding Effect of dilutive securities		607,759 1,015,997		975,751 515,951		(367,992) 500,046	(37.7%) 96.9%
Average shares outstanding - diluted	7	2,543,982	6	9,116,783	_3	3,427,199	5.0%

### **DEBT COMPOSITION AND MATURITIES (1)**

### CAPITALIZED COSTS

Debt Composition	Amount	% of Total Market Cap	I Average Interest Rate (2)		aining ities (3)	_	Cap Interest	Cap Overhead	Non-Rev Capex per Home
Conventional Debt				2004	\$ 16,306	Q104	\$5,068	\$3,821	\$46
Long-term, fixed rate	\$ 1,743,390	27.4%		2005	\$ 191,104	Q403	\$5,838	\$4,010	\$81
Variable rate credit facility				2006	\$ 155,011	Q303	\$6,360	\$3,710	\$112
and short term note	282,523	4.5%		2007	\$ 301,345	Q203	\$6,305	\$3,291	\$99
Subtotal, Conventional	2,025,913	31.9%	5.6%	2008	\$ 205,744				
Tax-Exempt Debt									
Long-term, fixed rate	200,914	3.2%							
Long-term, variable rate	168,229	2.6%							
Subtotal, Tax-Exempt	369,143	5.8%	5.1%			СОММ	UNITY IN	FORMATIC	ON
Total Debt	\$ 2,395,056	37.7%	5.4%						

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes debt related to assets held for sale.

		Apartment
	Communities	Homes
•		
Current Communities	134	39,019
<b>Development Communities</b>	11	3,380
Development Rights	41	10,912

 $<sup>^{(2)}</sup>$  Includes credit enhancement fees, facility fees, trustees' fees, etc.

<sup>(3)</sup> Excludes amounts under the \$500,000 variable rate credit facility that, after all extensions, matures in 2005.

### AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Detailed Operating Information March 31, 2004

(Dollars in thousands except per share data) (unaudited)

	Q1 2004 (1)	Q1 2003	\$ Change	% Change
Revenue:	2004 (1)	2003	ψ Change	70 Change
Rental and other income	\$ 156,731	\$ 147,738	\$ 8,993	6.1%
Management, development and other fees	148	264	(116)	(43.9%)
Total	156,879	148,002	8,877	6.0%
Operating expenses:				
Direct property operating expenses,				
excluding property taxes	37,801	34,057	3,744	11.0%
Property taxes Property management and other indirect	15,574	14,181	1,393	9.8%
operating expenses	8,157	7,997	160	2.0%
Total	61,532	56,235	5,297	9.4%
Interest income	20	902	(882)	(97.8%)
Interest expense	(32,286)	, ,	1,688	(5.0%)
General and administrative expense	(3,971)	(3,631)	(340)	9.4%
Joint venture income, minority interest and				
venture partner interest in profit-sharing	7	(70)	77	(110.0%)
Depreciation expense	(39,571)	(36,669)	(2,902)	7.9%
Income from continuing operations before				
cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	19,546	18,325	1,221	6.7%
Discontinued operations: (2)				
Income from discontinued operations	1,184	4,991	(3,807)	(76.3%)
Gain on sale of communities		14,072	(14,072)	(100.0%)
Total discontinued operations	1,184	19,063	(17,879)	(93.8%)
Income before cumulative effect of change				
in accounting principle	20,730	37,388	(16,658)	(44.6%)
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	4,547		4,547	100.0%
Net income	25,277	37,388	(12,111)	(32.4%)
Dividends attributable to preferred stock	(2,175)	(3,688)	1,513	(41.0%)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$ 23,102	\$ 33,700	\$ (10,598)	(31.4%)
Net income per common share- basic	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.50	\$ (0.17)	(34.0%)
Net income per common share- diluted	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.49	\$ (0.17)	(34.7%)

- (1) Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2004 include the operations of a community in which the Company holds a variable interest. This community is consolidated as of January 1, 2004 as required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 46 (FIN 46), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 51.
- (2) Reflects net income for communities held for sale as of March 31, 2004 and communities sold during the period from January 1, 2003 through March 31, 2004. The following table details income from discontinued operations as of the periods shown:

	 2004	 2003
Rental income	\$ 2,585	\$ 12,222
Operating and other expenses	(1,115)	(4,839)
Interest expense, net	(161)	(590)
Minority interest expense		(196)
Depreciation expense	 (125)	 (1,606)
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 1,184	\$ 4,991

# AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets March 31, 2004

(Dollars in thousands) (unaudited)

	March 31, 2004 (1)	December 31, 2003
Real estate Less accumulated depreciation Net operating real estate	\$ 5,175,645 (735,751) 4,439,894	\$ 5,069,036 (684,021) 4,385,015
Construction in progress (including land) Real estate assets held for sale, net	227,199 98,249	253,158 98,216
Total real estate, net	4,765,342	4,736,389
Cash and cash equivalents Cash in escrow Resident security deposits Other assets (2)  Total assets	346 13,295 23,169 141,583 \$ 4,943,735	7,165 11,825 20,891 133,312 \$ 4,909,582
Unsecured senior notes Unsecured facility Notes payable Liabilities related to assets held for sale Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 1,710,269 246,100 409,801 30,283 223,157 \$ 2,619,610	\$ 1,835,284 51,100 422,278 30,239 234,595 \$ 2,573,496
Minority interest	23,751	24,752
Stockholders' equity	2,300,374	2,311,334
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 4,943,735	\$ 4,909,582

<sup>(1)</sup> Balances for March 31, 2004 include a community in which the Company holds a variable interest. This community is consolidated as of January 1, 2004 as required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 46 (FIN 46), Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin (ARB) No. 51.

<sup>(2)</sup> Other assets includes \$1,609 and \$1,428 relating to discontinued operations as of March 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively.

### AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Quarterly Revenue and Occupancy Changes - Established Communities (1) March 31, 2004

	Apartment Homes	Average Rental Rates (2)			Ecoi	nomic Occupa	ncy	Rental Revenue (\$000's) (3)			
		Q1 04	Q1 03	% Change	Q1 04	Q1 03	% Change	Q1 04	Q1 03	% Change	
Northeast											
Fairfield-New Haven, CT	2,035	\$ 1,555	\$ 1,601	(2.9%)	88.0%	89.5%	(1.5%)	\$ 8,356	\$ 8,737	(4.4%)	
New York, NY	1,646	1,990	1,993	(0.2%)	91.7%	94.5%	(2.8%)	9,011	9,291	(3.0%)	
Boston, MA	1,479	1,591	1,720	(7.5%)	95.1%	90.8%	4.3%	6,714	6,938	(3.2%)	
Northern New Jersey	1,043	2,210	2,215	(0.2%)	92.5%	89.4%	3.1%	6,396	6,213	2.9%	
Long Island, NY	806	2,152	2,071	3.9%	92.7%	99.1%	(6.4%)	4,822	4,947	(2.5%)	
Central New Jersey	206	1,574	1,610	(2.2%)	92.9%	92.0%	0.9%	903	915	(1.3%)	
Northeast Average	7,215	1,824	1,857	(1.8%)	91.7%	92.2%	(0.5%)	36,202	37,041	(2.3%)	
Mid-Atlantic											
Washington, DC	3,630	1,359	1,365	(0.4%)	95.0%	92.2%	2.8%	14,056	13,721	2.4%	
Baltimore, MD	526	1,124	1,109	1.4%	96.3%	95.6%	0.7%	1,708	1,673	2.1%	
Mid-Atlantic Average	4,156	1,329	1,330	(0.1%)	95.1%	92.6%	2.5%	15,764	15,394	2.4%	
Midwest											
Chicago, IL	887	1,075	1,103	(2.5%)	92.9%	90.9%	2.0%	2,659	2,673	(0.5%)	
Midwest Average	887	1,075	1,103	(2.5%)	92.9%	90.9%	2.0%	2,659	2,673	(0.5%)	
Pacific Northwest											
Seattle, WA	2,738	1,016	1,040	(2.3%)	94.1%	92.3%	1.8%	7,855	7,892	(0.5%)	
Pacific Northwest Average	2,738	1,016	1,040	(2.3%)	94.1%	92.3%	1.8%	7,855	7,892	(0.5%)	
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Northern California	4.000	4 270	4 404	(7.00/)	96.3%	05.00/	1.1%	40.450	20.055	(0.70/)	
San Jose, CA Oakland-East Bay, CA	4,890 2,090	1,378	1,494	(7.8%)	96.3% 93.1%	95.2% 95.6%		19,458	20,855	(6.7%)	
San Francisco, CA	2,090 1,511	1,203 1,561	1,263 1,601	(4.8%) (2.5%)	93.1% 96.0%	95.6% 95.3%	(2.5%) 0.7%	7,020 6,792	7,573 6,914	(7.3%) (1.8%)	
Northern California Average	8,491	1,368	1,457	(6.1%)	95.5%	95.3%	0.7%	33,270	35,342	(5.9%)	
	0,491	1,300	1,437	(0.170)	93.370	95.570	0.270	33,270	33,342	(5.970)	
Southern California											
Los Angeles, CA	1,638	1,259	1,239	1.6%	96.0%	96.2%	(0.2%)	5,939	5,855	1.4%	
San Diego, CA	1,234	1,260	1,249	0.9%	95.2%	95.4%	(0.2%)	4,439	4,407	0.7%	
Orange County, CA	1,174	1,208	1,194	1.2%	95.6%	96.1%	(0.5%)	4,067	4,039	0.7%	
Southern California Average	4,046	1,244	1,228	1.3%	95.6%	95.9%	(0.3%)	14,445	14,301	1.0%	
Average/Total Established	27,533	\$ 1,419	\$ 1,457	(2.6%)	94.0%	93.6%	0.4%	\$ 110,195	\$ 112,643	(2.2%)	

<sup>(1)</sup> Established Communities are communities with stabilized operating expenses as of January 1, 2003 such that a comparison of 2003 to 2004 is meaningful.
(2) Reflects the effect of concessions amortized over the lease term.
(3) With concessions reflected on a cash basis, rental revenue from Established Communities declined 1.9% between years.

### AvalonBay Communities, Inc. \*Sequential Quarterly\* Revenue and Occupancy Changes - Established Communities (1) March 31, 2004

	Apartment Homes	Avera	Average Rental Rates (2)			nomic Occupa	ncy	Rental Revenue (\$000's) (3)			
		Q1 04	Q4 03	% Change	Q1 04	Q4 03	% Change	Q1 04	Q4 03	% Change	
Northeast											
Fairfield-New Haven, CT	2,035	\$ 1,555	\$ 1,568	(0.8%)	88.0%	87.7%	0.3%	\$ 8,356	\$ 8,400	(0.5%)	
New York, NY	1,646	1,990	2,039	(2.4%)	91.7%	91.6%	0.1%	9,011	9,224	(2.3%)	
Boston, MA	1,479	1,591	1,607	(1.0%)	95.1%	93.8%	1.3%	6,714	6,695	0.3%	
Northern New Jersey	1,043	2,210	2,222	(0.5%)	92.5%	91.2%	1.3%	6,396	6,346	0.8%	
Long Island, NY	806	2,152	2,134	0.8%	92.7%	94.5%	(1.8%)	4,822	4,873	(1.0%)	
Central New Jersey	206	1,574	1,614	(2.5%)	92.9%	92.6%	0.3%	903	923	(2.2%)	
Northeast Average	7,215	1,824	1,843	(1.0%)	91.7%	91.4%	0.3%	36,202	36,461	(0.7%)	
Mid-Atlantic											
Washington, DC	3,630	1,359	1,350	0.7%	95.0%	94.8%	0.2%	14,056	13,931	0.9%	
Baltimore, MD	526	1,124	1,129	(0.4%)	96.3%	95.6%	0.7%	1,708	1,703	0.3%	
Mid-Atlantic Average	4,156	1,329	1,321	0.6%	95.1%	94.9%	0.2%	15,764	15,634	0.8%	
Midwest											
Chicago, IL	887	1,075	1,073	0.2%	92.9%	90.4%	2.5%	2,659	2,590	2.7%	
Midwest Average	887	1,075	1,073	0.2%	92.9%	90.4%	2.5%	2,659	2,590	2.7%	
· ·		.,0.0	.,	0.270	02.070	001170					
Pacific Northwest	0.700	4.040	4.040	(0.20/)	04.40/	00.40/	4.00/	7.055	7.004	0.70/	
Seattle, WA	2,738	1,016	1,019	(0.3%)	94.1%	93.1%	1.0%	7,855	7,804	0.7%	
Pacific Northwest Average	2,738	1,016	1,019	(0.3%)	94.1%	93.1%	1.0%	7,855	7,804	0.7%	
Northern California											
San Jose, CA	4,890	1,378	1,392	(1.0%)	96.3%	96.1%	0.2%	19,458	19,620	(0.8%)	
Oakland-East Bay, CA	2,090	1,203	1,215	(1.0%)	93.1%	94.7%	(1.6%)	7,020	7,206	(2.6%)	
San Francisco, CA	1,511	1,561	1,562	(0.1%)	96.0%	96.1%	(0.1%)	6,792	6,808	(0.2%)	
Northern California Average	8,491	1,368	1,379	(0.8%)	95.5%	95.8%	(0.3%)	33,270	33,634	(1.1%)	
Southern California											
Los Angeles, CA	1,638	1,259	1,255	0.3%	96.0%	94.3%	1.7%	5,939	5,821	2.0%	
San Diego, CA	1,234	1,260	1,262	(0.2%)	95.2%	96.4%	(1.2%)	4,439	4,502	(1.4%)	
Orange County, CA	1,174	1,208	1,214	(0.5%)	95.6%	96.0%	(0.4%)	4,067	4,102	(0.9%)	
Southern California Average	4,046	1,244	1,245	(0.1%)	95.6%	95.4%	0.2%	14,445	14,425	0.1%	
Average/Total Established	27,533	\$ 1,419	\$ 1,426	(0.5%)	94.0%	93.8%	0.2%	\$ 110,195	\$ 110,548	(0.3%)	

<sup>(1)</sup> Established Communities are communities with stabilized operating expenses as of January 1, 2003 such that a comparison of 2003 to 2004 is meaningful.(2) Reflects the effect of concessions amortized over the lease term.(3) With concessions reflected on a cash basis, rental revenue from Established Communities increased 0.6% between quarters.

# AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Summary of Development and Redevelopment Activity as of March 31, 2004

		Number of Communities	Number of Homes	Total Capital Cost (1) (millions)
Portfolio Additions:				
2004 Annual Completions	(2)			
Development		4	1,268	\$ 241.9
Redevelopment	(3)	1		8.3
Total Additions		5	1,268	\$ 250.2
2003 Annual Completions				
Development		7	1,959	\$ 372.7
Redevelopment				
Total Additions		7	1,959	\$ 372.7
Pipeline Activity:	(2)			
Currently Under Construction				
Development		11	3,380	\$ 631.9
Redevelopment	(3)	1		26.1
Subtotal		12	3,380	\$ 658.0
Planning				
Development Rights		41	10,912	\$ 2,255.0
Total Pipeline		53	14,292	\$ 2,913.0

- (1) See Attachment #12 Definitions and Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Terms.
- (2) Information represents projections and estimates.
- (3) Represents only cost of redevelopment activity, does not include original acquisition cost or number of apartment homes acquired.

#### AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Development Communities as of March 31, 2004

		# - 6	Total		Sche	dule		Avg			
	Percentage	# of Apt	Capital Cost (1)		Initial		Stabilized	Rent Per	% Comp	% Leased	% Occ
	Ownership	Homes	(millions)	Start	Occupancy	Complete	Ops (1)	Home (1)	(2)	(3)	(4) (5)
							Si	Inclusive of Concessions ee Attachment #	12		
Under Construction:											
Avalon at Grosvenor Station (6) (7)     North Bethesda, MD	99%	497	\$ 80.4	Q1 2002	Q3 2003	Q4 2004	Q2 2005	\$ 1,545	63.8%	68.6%	51.5%
<ol><li>Avalon at Glen Cove South Glen Cove, NY</li></ol>	100%	256	\$ 65.5	Q3 2002	Q1 2004	Q3 2004	Q1 2005	\$ 2,475	25.0%	23.0%	12.5%
<ol><li>Avalon at Traville (8) North Potomac, MD</li></ol>	100%	520	\$ 71.5	Q4 2002	Q3 2003	Q1 2005	Q3 2005	\$ 1,435	54.8%	43.7%	36.0%
<ol> <li>Avalon Run East II         Lawrenceville, NJ     </li> </ol>	100%	312	\$ 49.3	Q2 2003	Q2 2004	Q1 2005	Q3 2005	\$ 1,685	N/A	6.7%	N/A
<ol><li>Avalon at Crane Brook Danvers &amp; Peabody, MA</li></ol>	100%	387	\$ 56.2	Q3 2003	Q2 2004	Q2 2005	Q4 2005	\$ 1,655	7.2%	25.3%	4.1%
<ol> <li>Avalon Milford I Milford, CT</li> </ol>	100%	246	\$ 32.5	Q3 2003	Q2 2004	Q1 2005	Q3 2005	\$ 1,420	N/A	21.1%	N/A
<ol> <li>Avalon Chrystie Place I (9) New York, NY</li> </ol>	20%	361	\$ 149.9	Q4 2003	Q3 2005	Q4 2005	Q2 2006	\$ 2,665	N/A	N/A	N/A
Avalon at The Pinehills I     Plymouth, MA	100%	101	\$ 19.9	Q4 2003	Q4 2004	Q1 2005	Q3 2005	\$ 2,145	N/A	N/A	N/A
Avalon Pines I     Coram, NY	100%	298	\$ 48.7	Q4 2003	Q1 2005	Q4 2005	Q2 2006	\$ 1,940	N/A	N/A	N/A
<ol> <li>Avalon Orange         Orange, CT     </li> </ol>	100%	168	\$ 22.4	Q1 2004	Q2 2005	Q3 2005	Q1 2006	\$ 1,545	N/A	N/A	N/A
<ol> <li>Avalon Danbury Danbury, CT</li> </ol>	100%	234	\$ 35.6	Q1 2004	Q2 2005	Q4 2005	Q2 2006	\$ 1,675	N/A	N/A	N/A
Subtotal/Weighted Average		3,380	\$ 631.9					\$ 1,795			
Completed this Quarter:											
Avalon at Steven's Pond     Saugus, MA	100%	326	\$ 54.3	Q3 2002	Q1 2003	Q1 2004	Q4 2004	\$ 1,565	100.0%	84.0%	77.3%
Avalon Darien     Darien, CT	100%	189	\$ 41.7	Q4 2002	Q2 2003	Q1 2004	Q4 2004	\$ 2,225	100.0%	82.5%	81.5%
Subtotal/Weighted Average		515	\$ 96.0					\$ 1,810			
Total/Weighted Average		3,895	\$ 727.9					\$ 1,800			

Weighted Average Projected NOI as a % of Total Capital Cost (1) (10)

8.4% Inclusive of Concessions - See Attachment #12

- (1) See Attachment #12 Definitions and Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Terms.
- (2) Includes apartment homes for which construction has been completed and accepted by management as of April 16, 2004.
- (3) Includes apartment homes for which leases have been executed or non-refundable deposits have been paid as of April 16, 2004.
- (4) Physical occupancy based on apartment homes occupied as of April 16, 2004.
- (5) Q1 2004 Net Operating Income/(Deficit) for communities under construction and communities completed during this quarter was \$1.2 million (excludes Net Operating Income for communities completed in previous quarters but not yet stabilized). See Attachment #12.
- The community is owned by a DownREIT partnership in which a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company is the general partner with a majority interest. This community is consolidated for financial reporting purposes.
- For purposes of calculating Projected NOI as a % of Total Capital Cost for this community and its related impact on the Weighted Average calculation, the Company has (7) included in Total Capital Cost \$1.9 million, the present value of a projected residual land payment that is a priority distribution upon a sale or refinancing transaction in the future.
- Construction started at Avalon Traville Phase II in Q203. It is combined above with Phase I for reporting purposes. (8)
- The community is financed under a joint venture structure with third-party financing, in which the community is owned by a limited liability company managed by a wholly-owned subsidiary (9) of the Company. The Company's portion of the Total Capital Cost of this joint venture is projected to be \$30.0 million including community-based tax-exempt debt.
- (10) The Weighted Average calculation is based on the Company's pro rata share of the Total Capital Cost for each community.

### AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Redevelopment Communities (1) as of March 31, 2004

	# of	Cost (millio	ons) Total		<u>Sch</u>	<u>edule</u>		Avg Rent	Number	of Homes Out of
	Apt Homes	Redevelopment Capital Cost	Capital Cost (2)(3)	Acquisition	Start	Complete	Restabilized Ops (3)	Per Home (3)	Completed to date	Service @ 3/31/04
							Se	Inclusive of Concessions ee Attachment #	<del>!</del> 12	
Under Redevelopment:  1. Avalon at Prudential Center (4) Boston, MA	781	\$ 133.9	\$ 160.0	Q3 1998	Q4 2000	Q2 2006	Q4 2006	\$ 2,630	485	28
Subtotal	781	\$ 133.9	\$ 160.0						485	28
Completed this Quarter:  1. Avalon at Foxhall (5) Washington, DC	308	\$ 35.7	\$ 44.0	Q3 1994	Q4 2002	Q1 2004	Q3 2004	\$ 1,840	297	
Subtotal	308	\$ 35.7	\$ 44.0						297	
Total/Weighted Average	1,089	\$ 169.6	\$ 204.0					\$ 2,405	782	28

Weighted Average Projected NOI as a % of Total Capital Cost (3)

9.4%

Inclusive of Concessions - See Attachment #12

- (1) Redevelopment Communities are communities acquired for which redevelopment costs are expected to exceed 10% of the original acquisition cost or \$5 million.
- (2) Inclusive of acquisition cost.
- (3) See Attachment #12 Definitions and Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Terms.
- (4) In Q2 2003, the scope of this redevelopment was changed to include a roof replacement and other apartment renovations, increasing the redevelopment budget to \$22.2 million from \$20.6 million. In Q4 2003, the scope of this redevelopment was extended to include renovations on all remaining apartments, increasing the redevelopment budget to \$26.1 million.
- (5) This asset was formerly known as 4100 Massachusetts Avenue.

### AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Summary of Development and Redevelopment Community Activity (1) as of March 31, 2004

DEVELOPMENT (2)						
	Apt Homes Completed & Occupied	Total Capital Cost Invested During Period (3)	Cost of Homes Completed & Occupied (4)	Remaining to Invest (5)	Construction in Progress at Period End (6)	
Total - 2002 Actual	2,479	\$ 417,564,422	\$ 469,270,539	\$ 254,198,266	\$ 295,107,369	
2003 Actual : Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter 4 Total - 2003 Actual	343 380 633 425	\$ 47,610,401 96,480,917 78,516,195 81,862,958 \$ 304,470,471	\$ 66,767,096 75,410,129 120,057,691 73,129,401 \$ 335,364,317	\$ 205,448,920 307,768,115 304,758,336 325,139,145	\$ 304,444,246 270,813,025 266,114,151 240,137,497	
2004: Quarter 1 (Actual) Quarter 2 (Projected) Quarter 3 (Projected) Quarter 4 (Projected)	345 685 664 367	\$ 69,258,020 122,774,344 71,219,674 62,239,956	\$ 61,978,159 122,948,327 112,310,118 54,815,811	\$ 366,959,227 239,124,658 167,904,984 105,613,829	\$ 265,153,787 323,949,962 270,332,382 266,434,722	
Total - 2004 Projected	2,061	\$ 325,491,994	\$ 352,052,415			
		REDEVELOPMEN	NT			
	Avg Homes Out of Service	Total Capital Cost Invested During Period (3)		Remaining to Invest (5)	Reconstruction in Progress at Period End (6)	
Total - 2002 Actual		\$ 10,612,174		\$ 7,655,832	\$ 17,317,952	
2003 Actual : Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter 4 Total - 2003 Actual	68 75 83 52	\$ 1,798,678 1,535,351 3,055,001 1,619,936 \$ 8,008,966		\$ 5,857,154 5,738,979 3,179,103 5,660,027	\$ 10,541,752 15,074,513 16,888,849 13,045,931	
2004: Quarter 1 (Actual) Quarter 2 (Projected) Quarter 3 (Projected) Quarter 4 (Projected) Total - 2004 Projected	30 30 15 15	\$ 676,563 953,645 511,292 511,292 \$ 2,652,792		\$ 4,362,256 3,408,611 2,897,319 2,386,028	\$ 28,533   	

- (1) Data is presented for all communities currently under construction or reconstruction and those communities for which construction or reconstruction is expected to begin within the next 90 days.
- (2) Projected periods include data for consolidated joint ventures at 100%. The offset for joint venture partners' participation is reflected as minority interest.
- (3) Represents Total Capital Cost incurred or expected to be incurred during the quarter, year or in total see Attachment #12 Definitions and Reconciliations .
- (4) Represents Total Capital Cost incurred in all quarters of apartment homes completed and occupied during the quarter. Calculated by dividing Total Capital

  Cost for each Development Community by number of homes for the community, multiplied by the number of homes completed and occupied during the quarter.
- (5) Represents projected Total Capital Cost remaining to invest on communities currently under construction or reconstruction and those for which construction or reconstruction is expected to begin within the next 90 days. Remaining to invest for Q104 includes \$150.2 million attributed to three anticipated Q204 development starts and \$23.2 million attributed to Avalon Chrystie Place I. The Company's portion of the Total Capital Cost of this joint venture is projected to be \$30.0 million including community-based tax-exempt debt.
- (6) Represents period end balance of construction or reconstruction costs. Amount for Q104 includes \$38.0 million related to an unconsolidated joint venture and is reflected in other assets for financial reporting purposes.

# AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Future Development as of March 31, 2004

	DEVELOPMENT R	RIGHTS	
Location of Development Right		Estimated Number of Homes	Total Capital Cost (1) (millions)
1. Kirkland, WA	(2)	211	\$ 46
2. Los Angeles, CA	(2)	309	65
3. Camarillo, CA	(2)	249	43
4. Long Island City, NY Phase II and III	. ,	613	162
5. Los Angeles, CA		123	36
6. Glen Cove, NY	(2)	111	31
7. Plymouth, MA Phase II	. ,	69	13
8. Newton, MA		236	60
9. Coram, NY Phase II	(2)	152	26
10. San Francisco, CA		313	100
11. New York, NY Phase II and III		308	134
12. New Rochelle, NY Phase II and III		588	144
13. Hingham, MA		236	44
14. Quincy, MA	(2)	148	24
15. Rockville, MD Phase II		196	28
16. Bellevue, WA		368	71
17. Norwalk, CT		312	63
18. Shrewsbury, MA		300	44
19. Danvers, MA		428	80
20. Stratford, CT		146	23
21. Wilton, CT		100	24
22. Bedford, MA	(2)	139	21
23. Dublin, CA Phase I		304	72
24. Encino, CA		146	46
25. Greenburgh, NY Phase II		766	120
26. Sharon, MA		190	31
27. West Haven, CT		170	23
28. Lexington, MA		430	83
29. Cohasset, MA		200	38
30. Andover, MA		115	21
31. Dublin, CA Phase II		200	47
32. Dublin, CA Phase III		205	49
33. Yaphank, NY		270	41
34. Seattle, WA	(2)	194	50
35. Oyster Bay, NY		273	69
36. College Park, MD		320	44
37. Camarillo, CA		376	55
38. Gaithersburg, MD		254	41
39. Milford, CT		284	41
40. Rockville, MD		240	46
41. Wheaton, MD		320	56
Total		10,912	\$ 2,255

<sup>(1)</sup> See Attachment #12 - Definitions and Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Terms.

<sup>(2)</sup> Company owns land, but construction has not yet begun.

### AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Summary of Disposition Activity as of March 31, 2004

Number of Communities Sold	Weighted Average Holding Period	Gross Sales Price	GAAP Gain	Accumulated Depreciation and Other	Economic Gain (1)	Weighted Average Initial Year Mkt. Cap Rate (1)	Weighted Average Unleveraged IRR (1)
1998: 9 Communities		\$ 170,312,000	\$ 25,270,000	\$ 23,438,000	\$ 1,832,000	7.5%	11.8%
<u>1999:</u> 16 Communities		\$ 317,712,000	\$ 47,093,000	\$ 27,150,000	\$ 19,943,000	8.3%	10.0%
2000: 8 Communities		\$ 160,085,000	\$ 40,779,000	\$ 6,262,000	\$ 34,517,000	7.9%	21.3%
2001: 7 Communities		\$ 241,130,000	\$ 62,852,000	\$ 21,623,000	\$ 41,229,000	8.0%	14.0%
2002: 1 Community		\$ 80,100,000	\$ 48,893,000	\$ 7,462,000	\$ 41,431,000	5.4%	22.1%
2003: 12 Communities (2)		\$ 453,900,000	\$ 183,204,000	\$ 52,613,000	\$ 130,591,000	6.3%	15.0%
2004: No Communities Sold as o	f March 31, 2004	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ <u></u>		0.0%
1998 - 2004 Total	5.0	\$ 1,423,239,000	\$ 408,091,000	\$ 138,548,000	\$ 269,543,000	7.3%	14.4%

<sup>(1)</sup> See Attachment #12 - Definitions and Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Terms.

<sup>(2) 2003</sup> GAAP gain, for purposes of this attachment, includes \$23,448,000 related to the sale of a community in which the Companield a 50% membership interest and excludes \$1,234,000 related to the sale of a land parcel.

## AvalonBay Communities, Inc. Definitions and Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Terms

This release, including its attachments, contains certain non-GAAP financial measures and other terms. The definition and calculation of these non-GAAP financial measures and other terms may differ from the definitions and methodologies used by other REITs and, accordingly, may not be comparable. The non-GAAP financial measures referred to below should not be considered an alternative to net income as an indication of our performance. In addition, these non-GAAP financial measures do not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP and therefore should not be considered as an alternative measure of liquidity or as indicative of cash available to fund cash needs.

<u>FFO</u> is determined based on a definition adopted by the Board of Governors of the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"). FFO is calculated by the Company as net income or loss computed in accordance with GAAP, adjusted for gains or losses on sales of property, extraordinary gains or losses (as defined by GAAP), cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle and depreciation of real estate assets, including adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Management generally considers FFO to be an appropriate supplemental measure of operating performance because, by excluding gains or losses related to dispositions of property and excluding real estate depreciation (which can vary among owners of identical assets in similar condition based on historical cost accounting and useful life estimates), FFO can help one compare the operating performance of a company's real estate between periods or as compared to different companies. A reconciliation of FFO to net income is as follows (dollars in thousands):

		Q1 2004		Q1 2003
Net income Dividends attributable to preferred stock Depreciation - real estate assets.	\$	25,277 (2,175)	\$	37,388 (3,688)
including discontinued operations  Joint venture adjustments		39,128 (631)		37,143 403
Minority interest, including discontinued operations Cumulative effect of change in		326		383
accounting principle Gain on sale of communities		(4,547)		 (14,072)
FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$	57,378	\$	57,557
Average shares outstanding - diluted	72	,543,982	69	,116,783
EPS - diluted	\$	0.32	\$	0.49
FFO per common share - diluted	\$	0.79	\$	0.83

<u>Projected FFO</u>, as provided within this release in the Company's outlook, is calculated on a consistent basis as historical FFO, and is therefore considered to be an appropriate supplemental measure to projected net income of projected operating performance. A reconciliation of the range provided for Projected FFO per share (diluted) for the second quarter and full year 2004 to the range provided for projected EPS (diluted) is as follows:

	Low	High range
Projected EPS (diluted) - Q2 04 Projected depreciation (real estate related) Projected gain on sale of communities	\$ 0.53 0.52 (0.28)	\$ 0.57 0.57 (0.33)
Projected FFO per share (diluted) - Q2 04	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.81
Projected EPS (diluted) - Full Year 2004 Projected depreciation (real estate related) Projected gain on sale of communities Projected FFO per share (diluted) - Full Year 2004	\$ 1.67 2.14 (0.68) 3.13	\$ 1.85 2.18 (0.72) 3.31

<u>Established Communities</u> are identified by the Company as communities where a comparison of operating results from the prior year to the current year is meaningful, as these communities were owned and had Stabilized Operations, as defined below, as of the beginning of the prior year. Therefore, for 2004, Established Communities are communities that have Stabilized Operations as of January 1, 2003 and are not conducting or planning to conduct substantial redevelopment activities within the current year. Established Communities do not include communities that are currently held for sale or planned for disposition during the current year.

NOI is defined by the Company as total revenue less direct property operating expenses (including property taxes), and excludes corporate-level property management and other indirect operating expenses, interest income and expense, general and administrative expense, joint venture income, minority interest and venture partner interest in profit-sharing, depreciation expense, gain on sale of communities, impairment losses, cumulative effect of change in accounting principle and income from discontinued operations. The Company considers NOI to be an appropriate supplemental measure to net income of operating performance of a community or communities because it helps both investors and management to understand the core operations of a community or communities prior to the allocation of any corporate-level property management overhead or general and administrative costs. This is more reflective of the operating performance of a community, and allows for an easier comparison of the operating performance of single assets or groups of assets. In addition, because prospective buyers of real estate have different overhead structures, with varying marginal impact to overhead by acquiring real estate, NOI is considered by many in the real estate industry to be a useful measure for determining the value of a real estate asset or groups of assets.

A reconciliation of NOI (from continuing operations) to net income, as well as a breakdown of NOI by operating segment, is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Q1		Q1		Q4
	2004		2003		2003
Net income	\$ 25,277	\$	37,388	\$	100,283
Property management and other					
indirect operating expenses	8,157		7,997		8,536
Interest income	(20)		(902)		(805)
Interest expense	32,286		33,974		32,916
General and administrative expense	3,971		3,631		3,098
Joint venture income, minority interest					
and venture partner interest in profit-sharing	(7)		70		321
Depreciation expense	39,571		36,669		38,445
Cumulative effect of change in					
accounting principle	(4,547)				
Gain on sale of communities			(14,072)		(78,832)
Income from discontinued operations	 (1,184)	_	(4,991)	_	(690)
NOI from continuing operations	\$ 103,504	\$	99,764	\$	103,272
Established:					
Northeast	\$ 23,477	\$	24,777	\$	24,125
Mid-Atlantic	11,062		10,836		11,188
Midwest	1,573		1,423		1,467
Pacific NW	4,977		5,042		4,872
No. California	23,380		25,873		24,013
So. California	10,249		10,232		10,287
Total Established	74,718		78,183		75,952
Other Stabilized	18,415		13,499		17,589
Development/Redevelopment	10,197		7,703		9,610
Non-Allocated	 174		379		121
NOI from continuing operations	\$ 103,504	\$	99,764	\$	103,272

NOI as reported by the Company does not include the operating results from discontinued operations (i.e., assets sold or held for sale as of March 31, 2004). A reconciliation of NOI from communities sold or held for sale to net income for these communities for the first quarter of 2004 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Q1 2004
NOI from assets held for sale NOI from assets sold	\$ 1,470 
NOI from discontinued operations	\$ 1,470
Income from discontinued operations Interest expense, net Minority interest expense Depreciation expense	\$ 1,184 161  125
NOI from discontinued operations	\$ 1,470

<u>Projected NOI</u>, as used within this release for certain Development and Redevelopment Communities and in calculating the Initial Year Market Cap Rate for dispositions, represents management's estimate, as of the date of this release, of projected stabilized rental revenue minus projected stabilized operating expenses. For Development and Redevelopment Communities, Projected NOI is calculated based on the first year of Stabilized Operations, as defined below, following the completion of construction. In calculating the Initial Year Market Cap Rate, Projected NOI for dispositions is calculated for the first twelve months following the date of the buyer's valuation. Projected stabilized rental revenue represents management's estimate of projected gross potential (based on leased rents for occupied homes and Market Rents, as defined below, for vacant homes) minus projected economic vacancy and adjusted for concessions. Projected stabilized operating expenses do not include interest, income taxes (if any), depreciation or amortization, or any allocation of corporate-level property management overhead or general and administrative costs. The weighted average Projected NOI as a percentage of Total Capital Cost is weighted based on the Company's percentage ownership of the Total Capital Cost of each community.

In this release the Company has not given a projection of NOI on a company-wide basis. Management believes that Projected NOI of the development and redevelopment communities, on an aggregated weighted average basis, assists investors in understanding management's estimate of the likely impact on operations of the Development and Redevelopment Communities (before allocation of any corporate-level property management overhead, general and administrative costs or interest expense) when they are complete and achieve stabilized occupancy. Given the different dates and fiscal years at which stabilization is projected for these communities, the projected allocation of corporate-level property management overhead, general and administrative costs and interest expense to communities under development or redevelopment is complex, impractical to develop, and of uncertain meaningfulness. Projected NOI of these communities is not a projection of the Company's financial performance or cash flow. There can be no assurance that the communities under development or redevelopment will achieve the Projected NOI used in the calculation of weighted average Projected NOI to Total Capital Cost.

<u>Market Rents</u> as reported by the Company are based on the current market rates set by the managers of the Company's communities based on their experience in renting their communities' apartments and publicly available market data. Trends in market rents for a region as reported by others could vary. Market Rents for a period are based on the average Market Rents during that period and do not reflect any impact for cash concessions.

<u>Economic Occupancy</u> is defined as total possible revenue less vacancy loss as a percentage of total possible revenue. Total possible revenue is determined by valuing occupied units at contract rates and vacant units at Market Rents. Vacancy loss is determined by valuing vacant units at current Market Rents. By measuring vacant apartments at their Market Rents, Economic Occupancy takes into account the fact that apartment homes of different sizes and locations within a community have different economic impacts on a community's gross revenue.

Rental revenue (with concessions on a cash basis) is considered by the Company to be a supplemental measure to rental revenue in conformity with GAAP in helping investors to evaluate the impact of both current and historical concessions on GAAP based rental revenue and to more readily enable comparisons to revenue as reported by other companies. In addition, rental revenue (with concessions on a cash basis) allows an investor to understand the historical trend in cash concessions, which is an indicator of current rental market conditions. A reconciliation of rental revenue from Established Communities in conformity with GAAP to rental revenue (with concessions on a cash basis) is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Q1 2004	Q1 2003	Q4 2003
Rental revenue (GAAP basis) Concessions amortized Concessions granted	\$ 110,195 3,840 (3,457)	\$ 112,643 2,681 (2,620)	\$ 110,548 3,659 (4,291)
Rental revenue (cash basis)	\$ 110,578	\$ 112,704	\$ 109,916
% change GAAP revenue % change cash revenue		(2.2%) (1.9%)	(0.3%) 0.6%

<u>Total Capital Cost</u> includes all capitalized costs projected to be or actually incurred to develop the respective Development or Redevelopment Community, or Development Right, including land acquisition costs, construction costs, real estate taxes, capitalized interest and loan fees, permits, professional fees, allocated development overhead and other regulatory fees, all as determined in accordance with GAAP. With respect to communities where development or redevelopment was completed in a prior or the current period, Total Capital Cost reflects the actual cost incurred, plus any contingency estimate made by management.

<u>Leverage</u> is calculated by the Company as total debt as a percentage of total market capitalization. Total market capitalization represents the aggregate of the market value of the Company's common stock, the market value of the Company's operating partnership units outstanding (based on the market value of the Company's common stock), the liquidation preference of the Company's preferred stock and the outstanding principal balance of the Company's debt. Management believes that Leverage can be one useful measure of a real estate operating company's long-term liquidity and balance sheet strength, because it shows an approximate relationship between a company's total debt and the current total market value of its assets based on the current price at which the company's common stock trades. Changes in Leverage also can influence changes in per share results. A calculation of Leverage as of March 31, 2004 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

Total debt	\$ 2,395,056
Common stock Preferred stock Operating partnership units Total debt	3,829,206 100,000 31,269 2,395,056
Total market capitalization	6,355,531
Debt as % of capitalization	37.7%

Because Leverage changes with fluctuations in the Company's stock price, which occurs regularly, the Company's Leverage may change even when the Company's earnings, interest and debt levels remain stable. Investors should also note that the net value of the Company's assets in liquidation is not easily determinable and may differ substantially from the Company's total market capitalization.

<u>Unencumbered NOI</u> as calculated by the Company represents NOI generated by real estate assets unencumbered by outstanding secured debt as a percentage of total NOI generated by real estate assets. The Company believes that current and prospective unsecured creditors of the Company view Unencumbered NOI as one indication of the borrowing capacity of the Company. Therefore, when reviewed together with the Company's Interest Coverage, EBITDA and cash flow from operations, Unencumbered NOI is a useful supplemental measure for determining the financial flexibility of an entity. A calculation of Unencumbered NOI for the three months ended March 31, 2004 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

NOI for Established Communities	\$	74.718
NOI for Other Stabilized Communities	•	18,415
NOI for Development/Redevelopment Communities		10,197
NOI for discontinued operations		1,470
Total NOI generated by real estate assets		104,800
NOI on encumbered assets		20,141
NOI on unencumbered assets		84,659
Unencumbered NOI		80.89

Interest Coverage is calculated by the Company as EBITDA from continuing operations divided by the sum of interest expense and preferred dividends net of interest income. Interest Coverage is presented by the Company because it provides rating agencies and investors an additional means of comparing our liquidity to that of other companies. EBITDA is defined by the Company as net income before interest income and expense, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Under this definition, which complies with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, EBITDA includes gains on sale of assets and gain on sale of partnership interests.

A reconciliation of EBITDA and a calculation of Interest Coverage for the first quarter of 2004 are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Net income	\$	25,277
Interest income		(20)
Interest expense		32,286
Interest expense (discontinued operations)		161
Depreciation expense		39,571
Depreciation expense (discontinued operations)		125
EBITDA	\$	97,400
EBITDA from continuing operations	\$	95,930
EBITDA from discontinued operations		1,470
EDITOA	•	07.400
EBITDA	_\$	97,400
EBITDA from continuing operations	\$	95,930
Interest expense		32,286
Interest income		(20)
Dividends attributable to preferred stock		2,175
Interest charges		34,441
Internat courses	-	
Interest coverage		2.8

Non-Revenue Generating Capex represents capital expenditures that will not directly result in revenue earnings or expense savings.

<u>Stabilized/Restabilized Operations</u> is defined as the earlier of (i) attainment of 95% physical occupancy or (ii) the oneyear anniversary of completion of development or redevelopment.

<u>Average Rent per Home</u>, as calculated for certain Development and Redevelopment Communities in lease-up, reflects (i) actual average leased rents for those apartments leased through the end of the quarter net of amortized concessions, (ii) estimated market rents net of comparable concessions for all unleased apartments and (iii) includes actual and estimated other rental revenue. For Development and Redevelopment Communities not yet in lease-up, Average Rent per Home reflects management's projected rents, including concessions equal to one-half month rent.

Economic Gain is calculated by the Company as the gain on sale in accordance with GAAP, less accumulated depreciation through the date of sale and any other non-cash adjustments that may be required under GAAP accounting. Management generally considers Economic Gain to be an appropriate supplemental measure to gain on sale in accordance with GAAP because it helps investors to understand the relationship between the cash proceeds from a sale and the cash invested in the sold community. The Economic Gain for each of the communities presented is estimated based on their respective final settlement statements. A reconciliation of Economic Gain to gain on sale in accordance with GAAP is presented on Attachment 11.

<u>Initial Year Market Cap Rate</u> is defined by the Company as Projected NOI of a single community for the first 12 months following the date of the buyer's valuation, less estimates for non-routine allowance of approximately \$225 - \$300 per apartment home, divided by the gross sales price for the community. For this purpose, management's

projection of stabilized operating expenses for the community includes a management fee of approximately 2.5% - 3.5%. The Initial Year Market Cap Rate, which may be determined in a different manner by others, is a measure frequently used in the real estate industry when determining the appropriate purchase price for a property or estimating the value for the property. Buyers may assign different Initial Year Market Cap Rates to different communities when determining the appropriate value because they (i) may project different rates of change in operating expenses, including capital expenditure estimates and (ii) may project different rates of change in future rental revenue due to different estimates for changes in rent and occupancy levels. The weighted average Initial Year Market Cap Rate is weighted based on the gross sales price of each community.

<u>Unleveraged IRR</u> on sold communities refers to the internal rate of return calculated by the Company considering the timing and amounts of (i) total revenue during the period owned by the Company and (ii) the gross sales price net of selling costs, offset by (iii) the undepreciated capital cost of the communities at the time of sale and (iv) total direct operating expenses during the period owned by the Company. Each of the items (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) are calculated in accordance with GAAP.

The calculation of Unleveraged IRR does not include an adjustment for the Company's general and administrative expense, interest expense, or corporate-level property management and other indirect operating expenses. Therefore, Unleveraged IRR is not a substitute for net income as a measure of our performance. Management believes that the Unleveraged IRR achieved during the period a community is owned by the Company is useful because it is one indication of the gross value created by the Company's acquisition, development or redevelopment, management and sale of the community, before the impact of indirect expenses and Company overhead. The Unleveraged IRR achieved on the communities as cited in this release should not be viewed as an indication of the gross value created with respect to other communities owned by the Company, and the Company does not represent that it will achieve similar Unleveraged IRRs upon the disposition of other communities.